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The effect of experienced pain on intraand post-operative adjustment in women undergoing a diagnostic medical procedure

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Pain

- An unpleasant sensory or emotional experience, associated with actual or potential tissue damage or described in terms of such damage (IASP, 1979)
- Is often feared and experienced by surgical patients (e.g., Sjöling et al., 2003)

Cervical Screening and Colposcopy

- Large percentage of women report fear and anxiety following abnormal smear results
- Many women also report anticipatory anxiety prior to colposcopy
- Heightened anxiety can lower pain threshold and lead to pain and discomfort

Study to Reduce Anxiety During Colposcopy

- Interested in reducing the impact of the colposcopy procedure itself
- 164 first-time patients assigned to one of four conditions
 - Relaxation
 - Distraction
 - Sensory Focus
 - Control
- Outcomes: physiological measures, observation of distress, anxiety, mood, pain

Results – Intraoperational adjustment

- Observation of distress F(2, 152) = 5.59, p = .005
 - Low pain have less distress-behaviours than high pain
- Also main effect for attention F(3, 152) = 3.13, p = .028
 - Relaxation less distress-behaviour than Control

Intra-operative adjustment

Table 1. Summary of one-way ANOVA of physiological measures during colposcopy (N = 164)

Source	d.f.	SBP F	DBP F	HR F	
Attention ^a	3, 151	2.14	<1	1.31	
Level of Pain ^b	2, 151	3.31*	<1	3.50*	
Attention x Level of Pain	6, 151	<1	1.18	<1	

^a Attention – relaxation (RELAX), cognitive distraction (DISTR), sensory focus (FOCUS) and control (CTRL)

b Level of pain – Low Pain, Medium Pain, and High Pain

^{*}p<.05, **p<.01, ***<.001

Post-colposcopy adjustment

Table 2. Summary of one-way ANOVA of anxiety and mood measures following colposcopy (N = 164)

Source	d.f. State Anxiety F		PA F	NA F
Attention ^a	3, 152	<1	<1	<1
Level of Pain ^b	2, 152	5.78**	9.827***	2.01
Attention x Level of Pain	6, 152	<1	<1	1.35

^a Attention – relaxation (RELAX), cognitive distraction (DISTR), sensory focus (FOCUS) and control (CTRL)

b Level of pain – Low Pain, Medium Pain, and High Pain

^{*}p<.05, **p<.01, ***<.001

Discussion

- Those that report the highest amount of pain are observed during the procedure to engage in more distress-related behaviours, incl verbalistations, body movements, moaning and groaning and also have higher physiological reactions
- Following the procedure they report higher state anxiety and lower positive affect

Discussion

- The distraction intervention failed to affect self-report measures, although differences in distress-related behaviour were observed
- Pain experienced during colposcopy was found to impact negatively on adjustment both during the colposcopy and in the postoperative period