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# Lisa Ward, Head of Teaching and Learning Institute



# The Process of Designing and Analysing a Qualitative Study into Multiple WIL Experiences

# Overview



- Background research
- Evolvement of the design process
- Analysis process
- Implications for the facilitation of Teaching and Learning
- Conclusions

# The Research Team





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**Dr Tina McAdie** 

Senior Lecturer Psychology



Research Assistants

Fiona Purdie (Phase II) /Alison Bravington (Phase II)

# Background



### The Search for Perfect WIL Model

Researchers sensitive to range factors

- Model that dovetails with ever changing student needs
- Best chances of subsequent employment
- Reasonable administrative overheads

### Baseline Research



- Drysdale's major International study explores psychological factors related to WIL (Drysdale et al., 2011).
- University of Huddersfield formed part of this study.
- Our initial analysis suggested, the more WIL experiences, the more hope, agency and intrinsic goal motivation reported (Purdie et al., 2011)
- This study aims to tease out experiential details of learning on placement, draw strategic implications for the sector.

## **UK Models of WIL**



- UoH 'all course have work related elements' (UoH, 2008)
- UK fees now £9000
- Sandwich fees viable Wilson suggests £1000
- Sandwich degree
  - work experience sandwiched inside academic studies
- Short placements: History, Community Studies
- Professional placements
  - Workplace mentor
  - Match student learning outcomes with available placements

# The Qualitative Project



- Most qualitative research discipline specific
- This research over a range of disciplines
- Not role specific placement
- Aim broad aspects of
  - Personal development
  - Learning
  - Sense of progression across work placements

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# Design Process – Focus Group and PCP



- Aimed focus group, identify common issues
- Project objectives incompatible with RA short contract
- Instead Kelly's Repertory Grid (Fransella, 2005) based on Personal Construct Psychology (Kelly, 1995)
- Investigates how individuals make sense of the world and their identity. Participants asked to consider:
  - Work characteristics of colleagues
  - His/her own characteristics
  - Points along placement journey
- Outcome: few links made, little about relational aspects

# Design Process Salmon Line to Placement Timeline

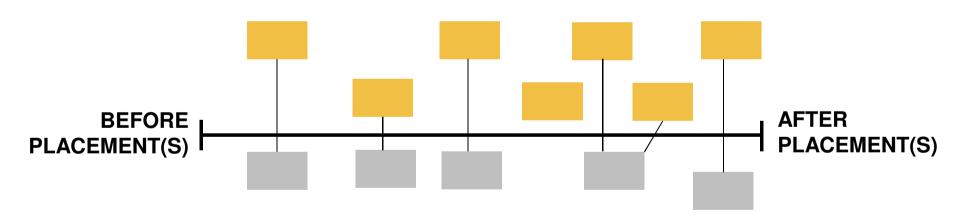


- Salmon Line (King & Horrocks, 2010)
- Single line between 2 concepts to facilitate reflection on how progression occurs from one concept to another.
- Developed this to include temporal aspects of learning from multiple placements: a line labelled 'before placement' and 'after placement'
- Called 'Placement Timeline'
- Successful in eliciting data addressing the project aims.

# PLACEMENT TIMELINE Method



# Significant moments in learning and personal development



Episodes of work experience/ placements, in chronological order

# What does the placement time do?

Facilitates thinking about the progression of skills and abilities across time. **Encourages Helps students** elaboration on think about I think that's where I began to sort of learn to manage I've got fantastic feedback...on ICU, was the best one-she said it was aspects of learning patients, and learn to manage myself...rather than just refreshing, that's whatshe called me, 'refreshing', to see as tudent sitting back...and just watching...Justs tarting to take part, that was interested and itent to and that I could be so honest about how they really, I think...That's what you have to do on placements, my feelings..." I feel that I'm getting more confident because you and personal is n't it? They have to see you work...! think that was the have to be'I'm learning that you have to accept compliments. turning point in my placements...that autonomy have changed. Work development. holistically Most cathertic. totally oriented made me different hard and very self-Began to manage of nursing. overwhelming aware. Very Got used to Got used to working more placement, but cathertic. and surgical. autonomously. **BEFORE AFTER PLACEMENTS PLACEMENTS** Ward 10 Intensive Care Unit Ward 10 Ward 7 Community Staff Nurse Elderly. **Facilitates** Health Care Allows the Cardiac Care ...I remember I was an one nightshift I ast summer on comparing/ consideration of My community placement Ward 10 and I, the only way! can describe it is like! there before, I was sort of shocked mel think a little had this like, like not an epiphany, but it were like in staff nurs ethat I ready for something, I realise that I didn't bit because Liust realised my head, something had not of opened up and I. contrasting of work experiences 🥕 really work holistically, guess a bit more, not I just don't like working realised that I'd comes of ar and I'd done so well and exciting, that's the wrong nine-to-five. I don't like it just helped me in my personal life and task-priented as an word, but something to routine. I'm not good professionally because it just, it just made me become different work auxiliary...Ithinkthat's outside of the get my teeth into. with routine. so much mores elfaware, it was so cathartic. what I was like. experiences, and university degree. making links between them. Helps students think about the bigger picture, and how their experiences fit together.

# Analysis



- Semi-structured interviews can yield large volumes textual data
- Thematic analysis, looks for patterns
- Template analysis (King, 2012)
- Accommodates a priori focus i.e.
  - overarching issues of learning and personal development
  - Shared by students across diverse subject areas.

# Template Analysis



- Develop coding structure (template) from initial transcripts
- Applied to subsequent interview data
- Modified as new themes or subtleties come to light
- Focus on overall issues not job specific roles
- Details coded as low level themes
- Subsumed in higher level themes as analysis progresses.
- Allows research teams to share early findings.

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# **Example Templates**



Show in word

# **Implications**



- Purpose: explore how multiple WIL impacts on the student learning experience.
- Soft skills development on WIL
- Findings now about advocating change to WIL models
  - Principles and practicalities developed over many years
- Challenge teaching and learning practitioners to consider our research when planning WIL delivery

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