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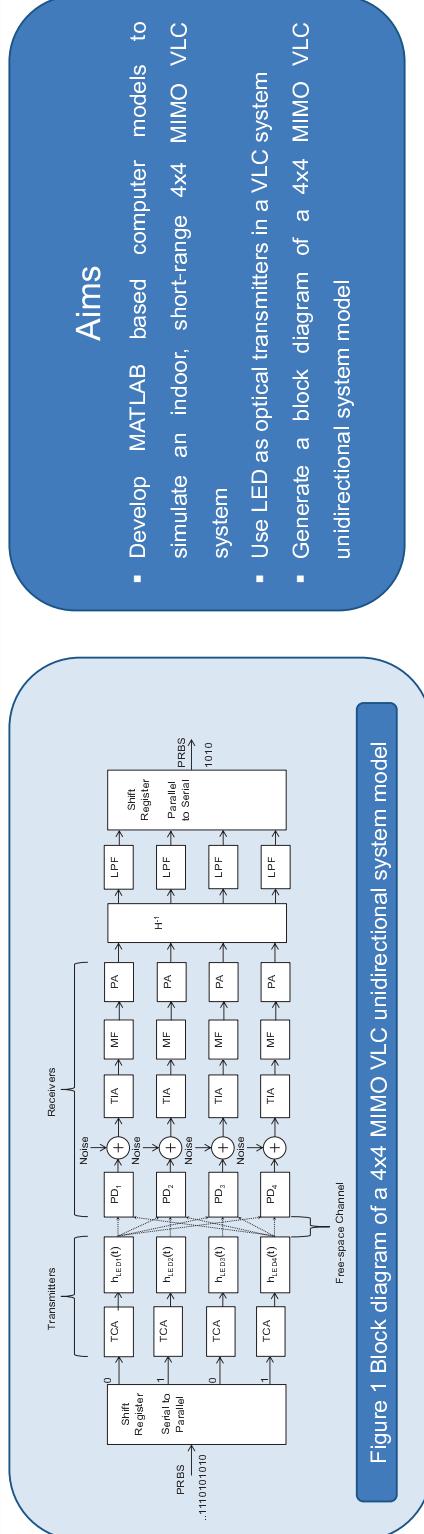
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THEORETICAL CONCEPTS AND MATLAB MODELLING OF VLC BASED MIMO SYSTEMS

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Introduction

Highly efficient and long lasting LED lights are replacing standard incandescent and fluorescent lighting technologies. Solid-state LEDs have wide frequency bandwidths enabling them to be switched at very high frequencies. Combining the lighting and switching capabilities of the LED enables a dual functional system, where the primary function is room illumination, and the secondary is to act as an optical

Research Topics

- Lambertian emissions: line-of-sight (LOS)
 - Characterization of LEDs and photodiodes (PD)
 - Intensity modulation (IM) schemes: DiPPM, digital offset PPM, NRZ-OOK, duo binary PPM
 - Error correction coding techniques: maximum likelihood sequence estimation (MLSE) and Reed-Solomon (RS)
 - Channel estimation: channel matrix (H)
 - Analogue circuits: PD transimpedance amplifiers (TIA), Matching filters (MF) and channel equalization, LED driver transconductance amplifiers (TCA)

Aims

- Develop MATLAB based computer models to simulate an indoor, short-range 4x4 MIMO VLC system
 - Use LED as optical transmitters in a VLC system
 - Generate a block diagram of a 4x4 MIMO VLC unidirectional system model

Results

- Generated a block diagram of a 4x4 MIMO VLC unidirectional system model (Figure 1)
 - Coded and tested MATLAB models to simulate a single LED and 2x2 LED array's Lambertian radiant intensity (Figure 2)
 - Developed a theoretical strategy for modelling the transmitter, channel, receiver, and MIMO channel estimation (Figure 3)

Conclusions

- Successfully generated a block diagram of a 4x4 MIMO VLC unidirectional system model
 - Successfully simulated Lambertian intensity of a single LED and 2x2 LED array within a 3D space using MATLAB, also simulated the path time delays from Tx to Rx
 - Work continues to develop MATLAB models

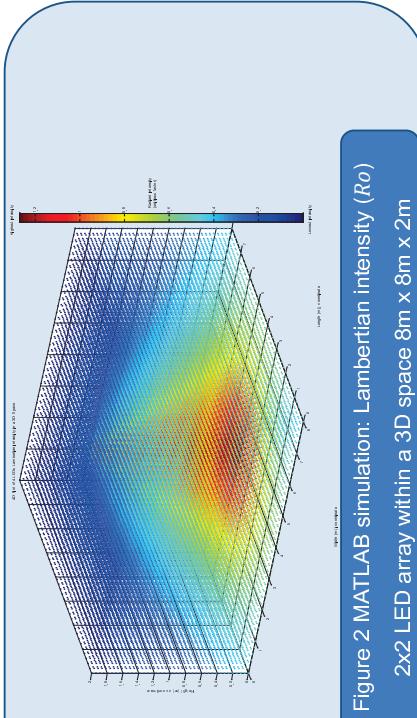


Figure 2 MATLAB simulation: Lambertian intensity (*Ro*)
 2x2 LED array within a 3D space 8m x 8m x 2m

Figure 3 4x4 MIMO Channel Matrix/ H Matrix