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Wet gas flow metering technique using a venturi with conductance sensors

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OVERVIEW AND RESEARCH OBJECTIVES

Wet gas metering is becoming an increasingly important problem to the oil and gas industry. The aim of the research is to design a novel wet gas flow metering technique, which combines a Venturi with conductance sensors at the inlet and throat. The objectives, providing the solution to achieve the aims, are outlined below:

- Design and build a digital liquid level sensor to measure the liquid film thickness at the inlet of the Venturi in annular flow.
- Design and build three separate conductance electronic circuits for:
  - Two upstream ring sensors, designed to measure the film velocity by cross correlating signals between two sensors at the inlet.
  - The digital level sensor, designed to measure the liquid film thickness at the inlet.
- The throat ring sensor, designed to measure the gas volume fraction at the throat.
To use a data acquisition device to integrate the system measurements and to control the operation of the device:
- The throat conductance sensor.
- The digital level sensor.
- The inlet conductance sensors.
- The differential pressure sensors.

THE MEASUREMENTS

What measurements we need to make and how these measurements will be integrated into mathematical model to give the liquid and gas flow rates.

- Measuring the film velocity in wet gas flow
- Measuring the film thickness \( \beta \)
- Measuring the gas volume fraction at inlet \( \alpha_1 \)
- Measuring the water conductivity \( \sigma_w \)
- Measuring the gas volume fraction at the throat \( \alpha_2 \)
- Differential pressure in wet gas flow \( \Delta P \)

We make the above measurements and combine them to enable the gas flow rate in annular flow to be determined and the mass flow rate of water in the film using the equation 1 and 2 respectively.

DESIGN OF THE CONDUITANCE VENTURI METER

A new Venturi with conductance sensors was designed and constructed. To determine the gas flow rate

\[ \Delta P_{\text{sec}} = (P_1 - P_2) \]

Measuring the gas flow rate in annular flow

We make the above measurements, to combine them to enable the gas flow rate in annular to be determined using the equation

\[ \dot{m}_g = C_{\dot{m}_g} \left( \frac{(a_2 \Delta P_{\text{sec}} - \Delta P_0) A_2 A \rho_{\text{if}}}{(a_1 A_1)^2 - (a_2 A_2)^2} \right) \]

Measuring the gas flow rate in annular flow

The mass flow rate of water in film can be obtained from the following equation

\[ \dot{m}_w = \frac{Q_w}{\rho_w} \]

CONDUCTANCE ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS

Experimental result of the Gas volume fraction measurement at the inlet

Experimental result of the Gas volume fraction measurement at the inlet