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# The Study of Warm Water Discharge into British Waterways Canal

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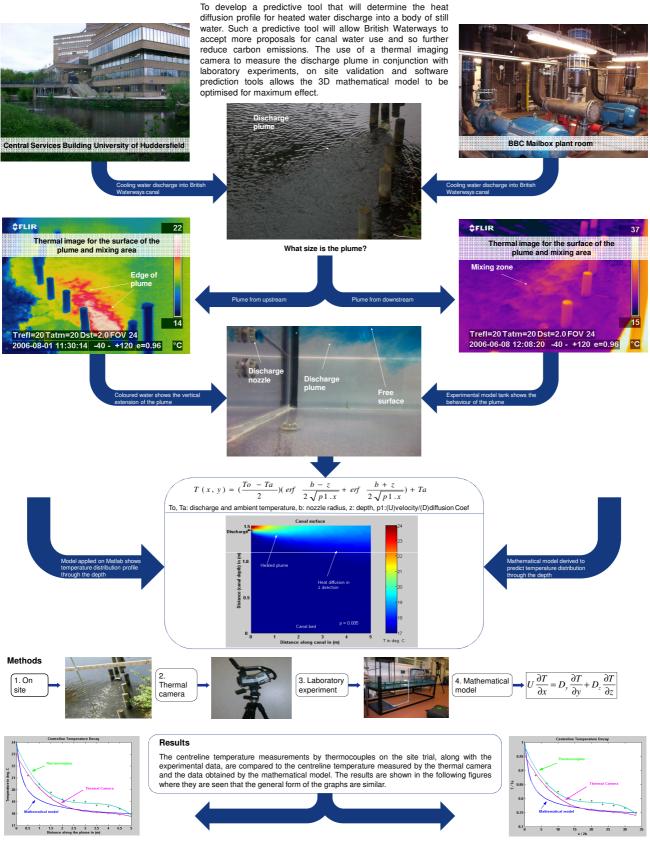


#### Introduction

• Using British Waterways canals as water cooling systems for industry and the commercial sector saves a over £100 million on energy bills and reduce carbon emissions by one million tonnes.

- On returning the heated water into the canal system the bulk temperature of the mixing zone which must not exceed 28°C Environment Agency Regulation.
- Excessive increase in ambient water temperature reduces the dissolved oxygen which threatens fish life and other aquatic life-forms.

Aim



#### Conclusion

This work presents a novel study of thermal discharge into still canal waters. The technique makes use of a Thermal Camera to observe the heat distribution on the surface of receiving water and, using the s thermal images establishes the extent of the mixing zone. Mathematical models have been developed and optimised to correlate the temperature measurements on several selected canal sites and the results obtained from the 1/10<sup>th</sup> scale canal simulation laboratory test rig. This makes a serious contribution to improving emissions and sustainability.

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